ற்கரையை சுத்தமாக வைத்தருமே _{opyrent} of spil Response Limited. S KEEP THE BEACH CLE A N SRI LANKA: X-PRESS PEARL

Rhea Shears, Responder (Rob Holland, Technical Lead)

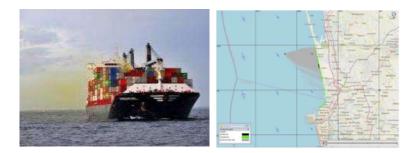


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Incident overview

- o 'Super Eco 2700' class container ship
 - Registered in February 2021
 - o 10km NW of Colombo, Sri Lanka
 - $\circ~$ Loss of cargo and risk of oil spill
 - 1486 containers on board
 - 81 classified as 'Dangerous Goods'
 - 25 tonnes of nitric acid and other chemicals
 - 300m³ HFO
 - Virgin plastic pellets (nurdles)





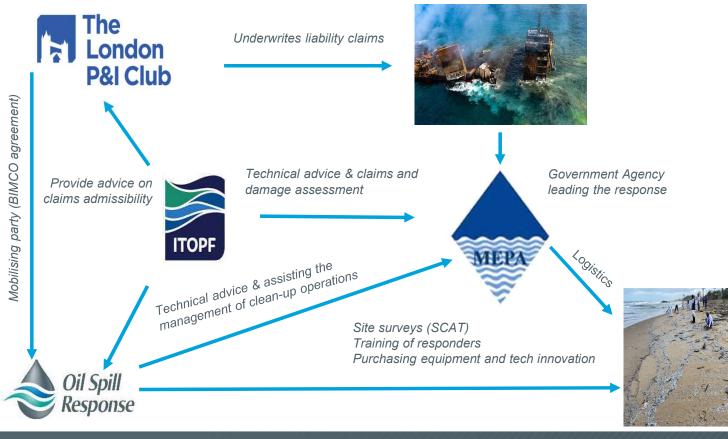




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Roles & Responsibilities

Alignment through Objectives



OSRL Objectives:

- Ensure the health, safety, and security of all personnel.
- Implement industry good practice in all our response activities, and to offer advice and guidance as required.
- Propose and implement efficient/suitable nurdle recovery techniques including the development of new techniques and modification of equipment to improve the efficiency of nurdle collection.
- Work with local authority officials to maintain consistent shoreline operations / reporting.
- Advise, develop, and train clean-up crews inefficient and effective recovery techniques.
- Support on-going surveys to determine the extent and degree of nurdle impact.
- Development of Site Treatment Recommendations.



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OSRL Involvement

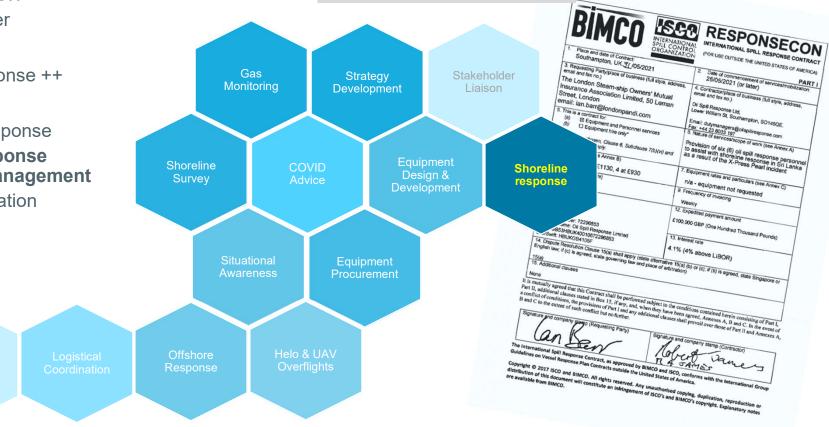
- ITOPF Notification
 - Working together
- OSRL Tasking
 - Shoreline Response ++
- Role Evolution
 - Emergency Response
 - Shoreline Response Programme Management

Project

Management

Project Coordination

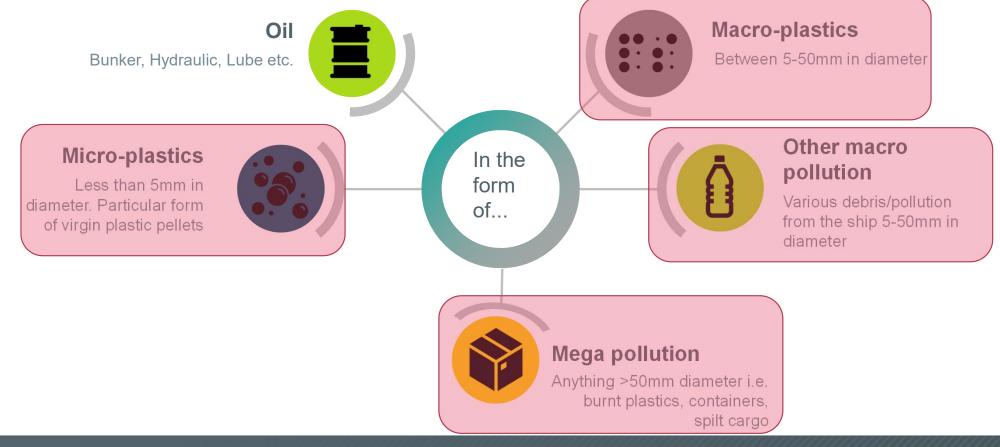
'Provision of six (6) oil spill response personnel to assist with shoreline response in Sri Lanka as a result of the X-Press Pearl incident.'





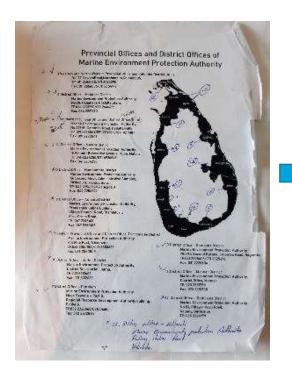
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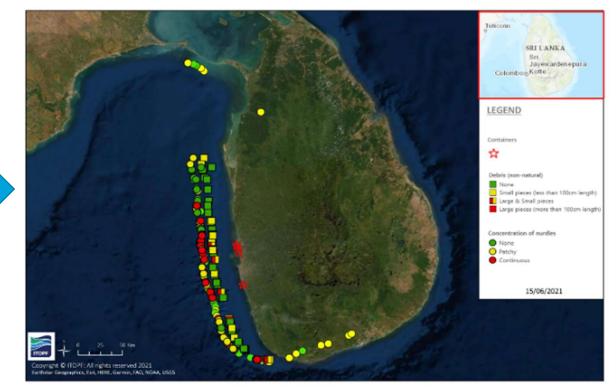
Understanding the pollution





Situational Awareness





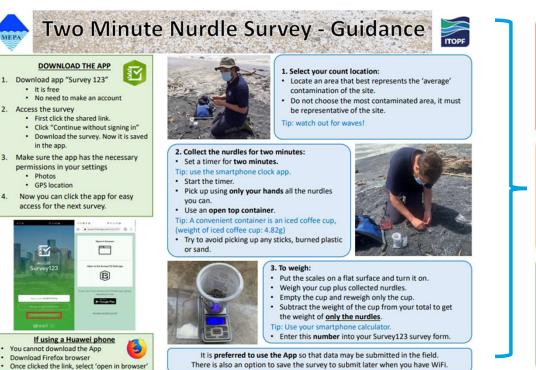
Surveyed impact on the Western and Southern coastline, surveyed by MEPA, GAC, ITOPF & OSRL via ITOPF app.



Shoreline Surveys

Mapping Nurdle Concentrations

> 'SCAT' Standardisation



HIGH

Nurdles (and ship pollution) across large / wide areas and in high concentrations. Mixed with fragments of melted plastic (≥ 2 mm) or other large amounts of flotsam and jetsam.

- The presence of buried nurdles
- Contamination across the shoreline (intertidal and supratidal)
- The presence of large quantities of debris
- Nurdle counts of > 30 g / 2 minutes
- · Consistent re-contamination of nurdles

MEDIUM

Nurdles across large spatial extents, consistent, condensed accumulations, none buried or layers several cm's thick. May be mixed with other debris or not.

- No buried nurdles
- · Contamination in the intertidal & possibly supratidal
- Mixed with debris, or not
- Nurdle counts of 5 30 g / 2 minutes
- No obvious repeated re-contamination

LOW

Nurdles and other ship based pollution scattered lightly and sporadically across and throughout the shore, primarily in the intertidal, not into the supratidal.

- No buried nurdles
- Contamination primarily in the intertidal
- Patchy, inconsistent presence
- Nurdle counts of < 5 g / 2 minutes
- No obvious re-contamination









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Response techniques



- Local resources
- Initial resources available
- Little training required
- High labour needs
- Resource heavy
- Issues with structure
- Separation of background debris

- Local resources
- Little training required
- Better background
- debris separationModerate debris &
- sand separation
- High labour needs
- Resource heavy

- Local resources
- Little training required
- Clean nurdle separation
- High labour needs

- Local resources
- Moderate training required
- Moderate debris & sand separation
- Moderate labour needs
- Logistics & security of equipment

- Low labour needs
- Large area coverage
 Moderate debris & sand separation
- International resources
- Logistics & security of equipment
- High level of training required



Manual



Enhanced manual



Flotation



Mechanical



Enhanced Mechanical



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Main challenges

- Limited personnel and local equipment resources
- Logistics of the equipment restricted movement of resources
- Language barriers for training personnel
- Sustained response without the 'biodegradation' seen with an oil spill
- Large % of background debris along with the nurdles
- No preparedness framework currently for plastic response
- Lessons learned not widely shared from previous experience
- Waste challenges
- Local communities: reduced accessibility





Key Take-Aways

> What have we learned as OSRL?

Another form of hydrocarbon

- Same but (very) different!
- Responder skills are transferable
 - Adaptability was a core strength
- The plastic risk transcends the energy transition
 - Plastic movement as feedstock will continue
- As with oil, prevention and preparedness are essential
 - So far, this is embryonic, at best
- Always more to learn
 - X-Press, 2021 = Torrey Canyon, 1967...?
 - Good practice guide ...?





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